



Safety information

The device complies with regulations and industrial standards in force in the Czech Republic and the European Union. The device has been tested and is supplied in working order. To keep the device in this condition, it is necessary to adhere to the following safety and maintenance instructions.

Never remove the device cover if the relay terminals are connected to the electrical network!

Using the device in a manner other than prescribed by the manufacturer may cause its safeguards to fail!

The power supply outlet or disconnection point must be freely accessible.

The device must not be used in particular under any of the following conditions:

- The device is noticeably damaged.
- The device does not function properly.
- · Unfastened parts can move inside the device.
- The device has been exposed to moisture or rain.
- The device has been serviced by unauthorized personnel.
- The power adapter or power supply cable are noticeably damaged.
- If the device is used in a manner other than designed for, the protection provided by the device may fail.
- The local electrical system must include a power switch or a circuit breaker and overcurrent protection.

The manufacturer warrants the device only if it is powered by the supplied power adapter or an approved power supply.

If you have any problems with installing or operating the device, please contact your reseller.

When contacting technical support, please keep at hand the exact type of your device (at the type plate) and, if possible, the firmware version (see later in this manual).

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Schematic Drawing







Basic Features

	RMS III
Ethernet	100 Mbps
VLAN	future
НТТР	
HTTPS	✓
DHCP	~
SNMP v1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
SNMP v3	~
SNMP trap	~
Trap destinations	5
SNTP	~
SMTP	~
SMTP TLS	✓
E-mail destinations	5
SMS/Local RS-232	~
SMS/netGSM	~
SMS destinations	5
Logger	~
Logger records	250 000
IPv6	~
Comm monitor	~
DO Local conditions	~
1-Wire sensors	16
1-Wire UNI support	~
RS-485 support	~
RS-485 sensors	24
M-Bus meters	×
Modbus / TCP	~
E-mail alarm reminder	~
E-mail periodical status	~
Power Input 1	9-30 V
Power Input 2	×
DI (Digital inputs)	12
DO (Digital outputs)	4
DO max. load	50V/1A
Operating temperature	-3085 °C

Vertiv RMS III RMS III

Connectors

Ethernet

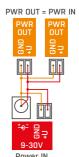
Ethernet 100Base-T (10/100 Mbit). When connected, the green "Link" LED at the connector lights up to indicate proper connection. When communicating, the yellow "Activity" LED flashes.

Power

The green LED indicates that the device is powered. The power is always in the range of 9–30 V. PoE (Power over Ethernet) modules can be added on a per-project basis.

PowerOut 1 8 1

Used to power sensors and accessories. Power Out is directly connected to the 9-30 V input. For units featuring 48 V or PoE power input, this output can source $12\,\text{V}/300\text{mA}$.



1-Wire/1-Wire UNI

Used to connect 1-Wire /1-Wire UNI sensors. Each port can be directly connected to a bus with max. 60 m in length and max. 2 sensors (type 1-Wire / UNI). For details, see *Connecting the sensors*.

RS-485

Used to connect RS-485 sensors. The TermA and TermB switches control line termination. For details, see *Connecting the sensors*.

Inputs

INX - Dry Contact inputs. Inputs always share a common ground (GND). The corresponding green LED indicates a closed contact. There is a pulse counter at each input.

Outputs

OUTX – Relay outputs with NO/NC contacts. When idle, NCx (Normally Closed) + COMx (Common) are connected. When activated, NOx (Normally Open) + COMx are connected. Yellow LEDs indicate activated outputs.

Alarm/Setup LED

The red LED indicates device state: continuously on means Alarm (a sensor or an input outside of the safe range), flashing means TCP or Serial Setup mode.

DIP1/DIP2 switches

DIP1 – activates Serial Setup mode / restores factory defaults. To restore factory defaults, quickly toggle the switch 3× within the first 5 seconds after powering up the device.

DIP2 - Safe mode - activates HW protection of configuration settings. No settings can be changed.

Setting up

First steps

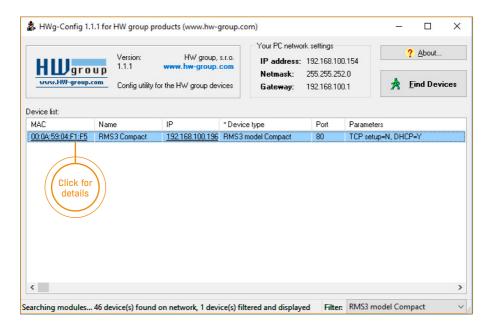
1. Connecting the cables

- Turn the unit and note its MAC address that is printed on the label on the side.
- Set the switches: DIP1=Off. DIP2=Off.
- Connect RMS III to the Ethernet (with a patch cable to a switch, cross-over cable to a PC),
 RJ-45 port.
- Plug the power adapter into a mains outlet and connect it to the RMS III power jack.
- The green POWER LED lights up.
- If the Ethernet connection works properly, the green LINK LED lights up after a short while, and then flashes whenever data is transferred (activity indication).

2. Configuring the IP address - Vertiv Config

Vertiv Config utility - root directory of the supplied CD (Windows and Linux versions).

- · Click the icon to launch Vertiv Config. The program automatically looks for connected devices.
- · Automatic device discovery works only in the local network.
- To identify a particular RMS III unit, look at the MAC address on the label at the bottom of the unit.
- Double-click a MAC address to open a basic device configuration dialog.



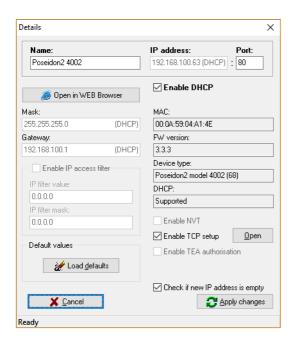
Setting up RMS III

First steps

3. Configuring network parameters

- IP address / HTTP port (80 by default)
- · Network mask
- · Gateway IP address for your network
- · Device name (optional)

Click Apply Changes to save the settings.





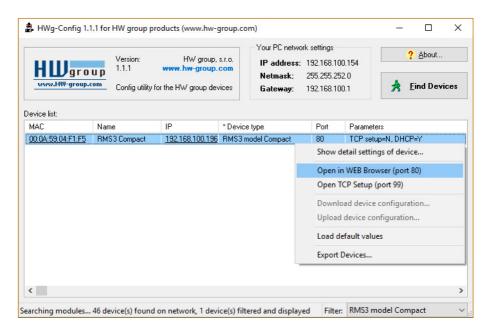
Important

- To reset the device to factory defaults, toggle DIP1 several times within 5 seconds after powering up the device.
- No configuration changes can be stored while DIP2=On.
 To change the IP address, set DIP2=Off.

First steps

4. WWW interface of the device

- · To open the WWW interface of the device:
 - · Enter the device IP address in a web browser.
 - · Click the IP address in Vertiv Config.
 - · Click the underlined IP address in SETUP.
- The WWW page displays current states of devices and sensors.



Setting up RMS III

Web interface

General: overview of the readings

General Setup: IP address, DNS

Security: IP filter, security (username/password), HTTPS certificates
SNMP: SNMP/SNMP Trap configuration (ports and alarm recipients)

Email: configuration and test

GSM: configuration and test when working with a remote SMS-GW

Log & Time: time configuration, NTP server connection to a remote portal

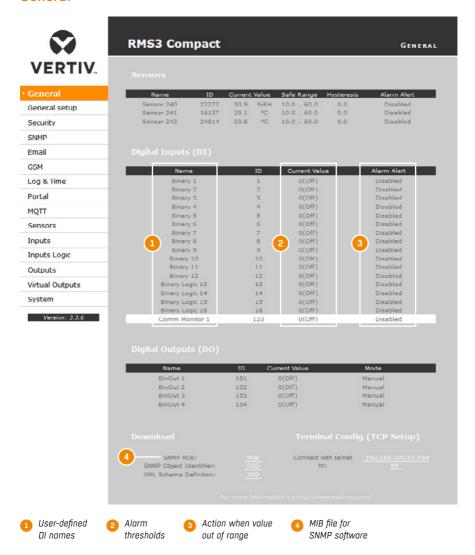
MQTT configuration of the MQTT protocol for IoT services

Inputs: control of inputs, setting alarm parameters
Outputs: control of outputs, setting their parameters

Virtual Outputs: control of outputs from another compatible devices (B2B)

System: firmware upgrade, save/restore configuration, etc.

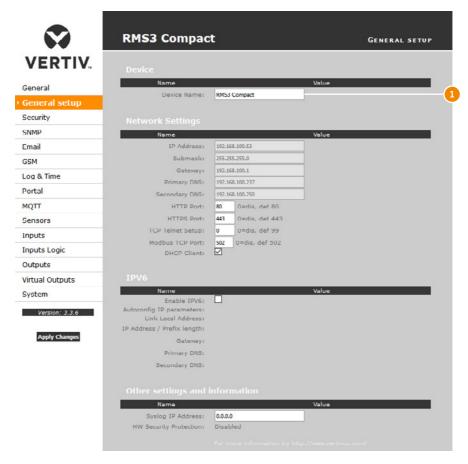
General



Note: For more information, see the detailed web interface description (2nd half of the manual).

Web interface RMS III

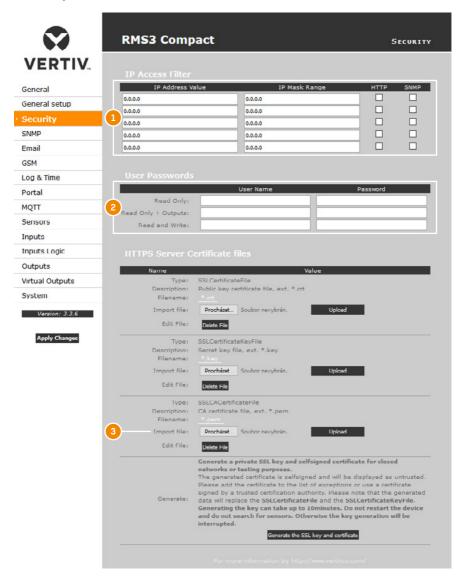
General Setup



1 Device name, e.g. "First floor 1"

Note: For more information, see the detailed web interface description (2nd half of the manual).

Security



Note: For more information, see the detailed web interface description (2nd half of the manual).

Filters for IP addresses which

may access the device

Web interface RMS III

Configuration of usernames and

passwords for accessing the device

HTTPS

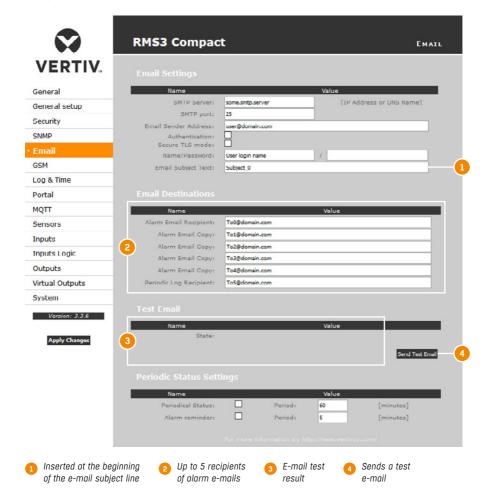
certificates

SNMP



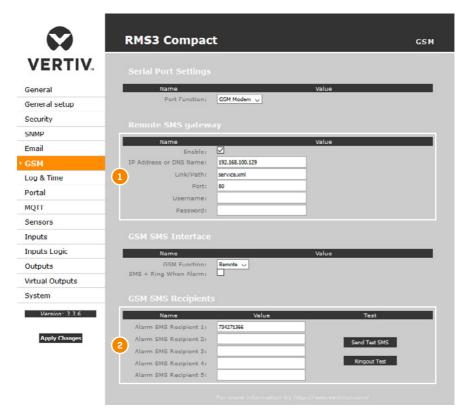
Note: For more information, see the detailed web interface description (2nd half of the manual).

Email



Web interface RMS III

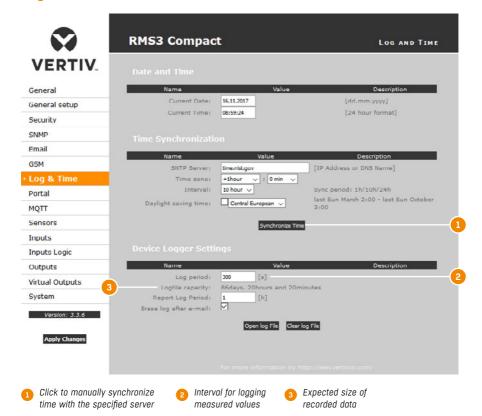
GSM



IP address of the Remote SMS gateway
to use for sending text messages

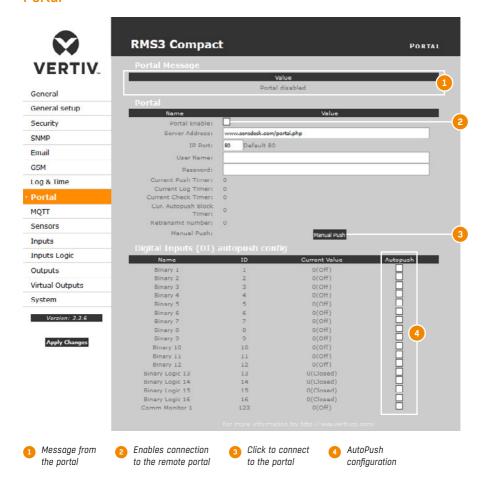
Recipients' phone numbers

Log & Time



Web interface RMS III

Portal



Configures the communication with the portal using the HWg-Push protocol. RMS III is the active side and establishes the connection periodically and/or whenever a change in a sensor value exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

Connection parameters for the www.SensDesk.com portal are pre-filled.

AutoPush configuration

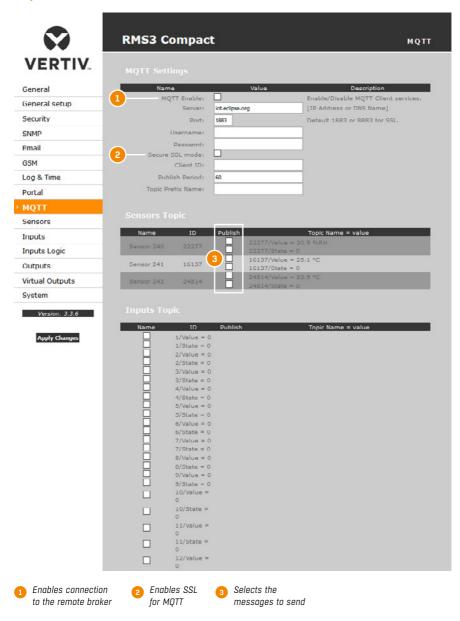
RMS III connects to the portal and notifies a DI state change whenever the input state changes (in case of sensors, the change must exceed the configured AutoPush value).

This configuration only applies to the communication between RMS III and the online portal. Local alarm values are configured in the portal.

For portal connection, check:

- 1. Correct Gateway IP address
- 2. **DNS server** in the network settings
- 3. Correct **Server Address** of the portal

MQTT



Configures the communication of RMS III unit with the MQTT broker. The device periodically establishes a connection to the broker, as defined by the Publish Period, and sends the messages that are selected in the **Publish** section.

Web interface RMS III

(19)

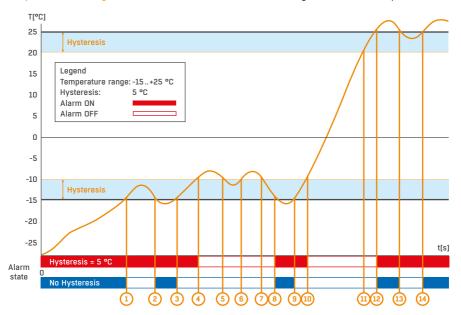
Sensors



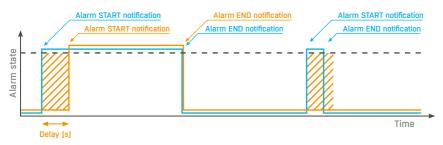
After connecting sensors or changing RJ11 connections, sensors need to be detected again.

To avoid numerous false alerts (by e-mail or SMS) whenever the reading fluctuates around the threshold, you can use:

1) Hysteresis Idle Range – tolerance band around the "Safe Range". Prevents multiple alarm alerts.



2) Delay [s] – delays the information about alarm beginning and alarm end by a specified time. Can be used for dry contacts, too.



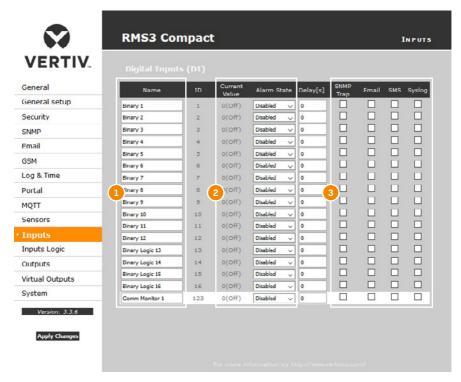
Alarm status notification based on a Delay value:

- Blue: Delay = 0
- Yellow: Delay is non-zero

CAUTION: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

Web interface RMS III

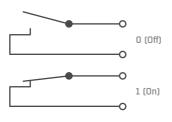
Inputs



- 1 Enter a DI name to show in e-mails, text messages or SNMP traps
- Alarm state of a contact:
 - Active if On
 - alarm when the contact is **closed** (1 = On)
 Active if Off
 - alarm when the contact is **open** (0 = Off)
 Disabled

no alarm

- 3
 - Reaction to DI inputs:
 - Disabled
 - Send a SNMP Trap
 - Send an e-mail
 - Send a SMS
 - Send a SYSLOG message



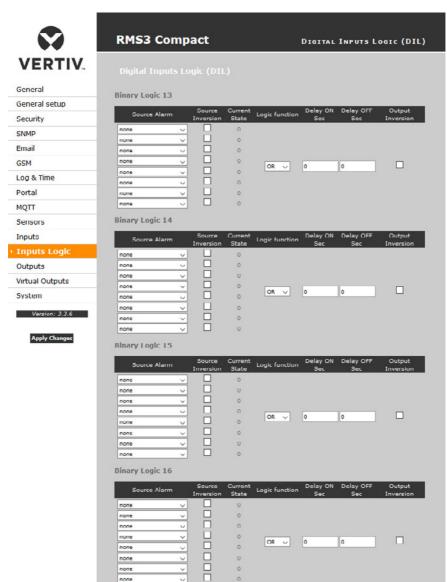
Connecting the inputs

Frequently asked questions:

- RMS III informs about alarm activation and deactivation for each Digital Input and/or sensor.
- E-mail format cannot be changed but sensors may have custom names.
- Yellow background of the line with a sensor or an input means that the safe range is exceeded but alarm notification is off.

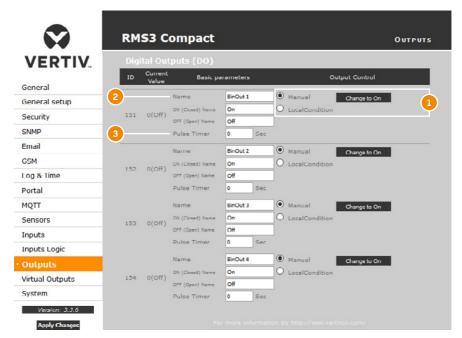
CAUTION: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

Inputs Logic



Web interface RMS III

Outputs



- Choose the output control mode:
 Manual mode: Output controlled over the
 WEB or M2M protocols
 Local Condition mode: Controls the
 output according to the specified sensor
- 2 Enter a DO name to show in e-mails, text messages or SNMP traps
- 3 Pulse output timer [s].
 By default, Pulse Timer = 0
 for standard output behavior

Pulse Timer – when set, the output is activated only for a specified duration.

Pulse Timer = 0 disables this function. For details, see the WEB interface manual.

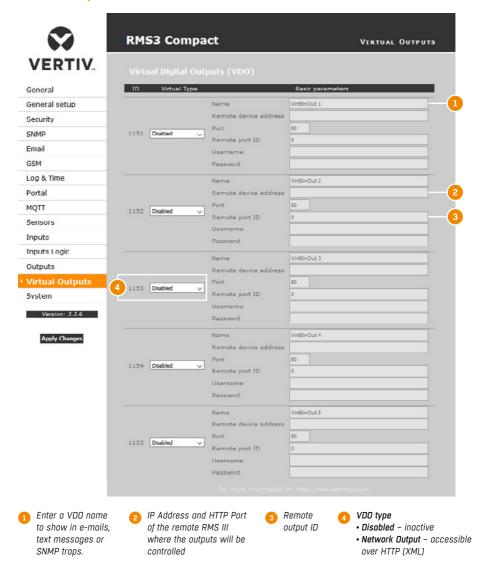
Output Control mode:

- A) Manual the output can be controlled using the web interface or externally using M2M protocols.

 The output cannot be used in "thermostat" mode (local condition).
- B) Local Condition the output cannot be controlled over the Web, it is controlled by a local condition.

 The output is read-only for all M2M protocols. Hysteresis in the sensor settings is used. In the Local Condition mode, outputs cannot be controlled over the WEB or using M2M protocols.
 - On if any alarm the output is active if at least one input or sensor is in alarm.
 - On if value equal to Trigger the output is active if the selected sensor reading is equal to the "Target Value".
 - On if value higher than Trigger the output is active if the selected sensor reading is greater than the "Target Value".
 - On if value lower than Trigger the output is active if the selected sensor reading is less than the "Target Value".
 - On if Alarm On the output is active when a particular sensor or input is in the Alarm state.
 - Dependent On sensor / input to which the condition applies.

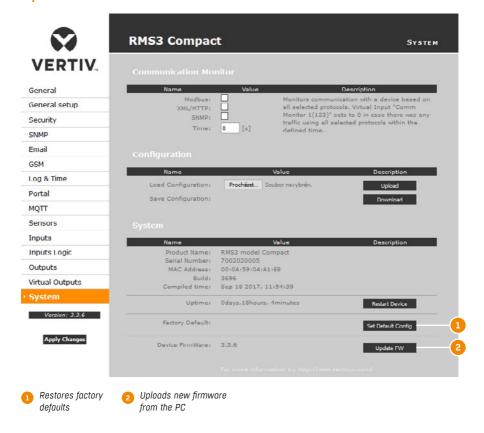
Virtual outputs



Virtual outputs of RMS III units allow the use of outputs of other compatible devices (Box2Box). It is similar to the previous mode that was based on SNMP Traps. However, Virtual Outputs use periodical (every 60 s), secure and more reliable communication over the TCP/IP protocol and support all the functions, conditions and properties as the physical outputs.

Web interface RMS III

System



Communication Monitor

This function is useful e.g. to send a warning e-mail whenever RMS III ceases to be periodically monitored over SNMP or SCADA.

This function controls a virtual Digital Input that is available in *Inputs* as "Com Monitor 1" with the ID of 123. If no communication took place in the specified time using the selected protocols, it sets "Com Monitor 1" = 0 (Off).

When three protocols are enabled (checked), all three must function in the "OK" status.

Configuration

- Upload restore the configuration from the PC to the device.
- Download save the configuration from the device to the PC.

CAUTION: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

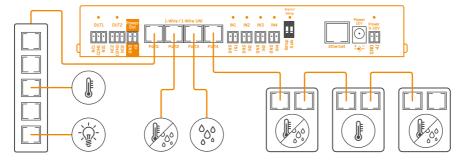
Connecting the sensors

1-Wire Bus (RJ11) sensors

- Connect the sensor before powering up the RMS III the connector must click in.
- Max. distance per active port is 60 m.
- · Sensors can be daisy chained.
- Sensors can be also connected using a star topology with the T-Box (TBox2) hub.
- If there is a change in the connected sensors, the sensors must be detected again (WWW interface > Sensors > Autodetect sensors).



RI11 (4P6C)



Maximum total length of all cables connected to a single port is 60 m.

RS-485 (R|45) sensors

Industrial bus for connecting sensors over longer distances.

- · Connect the sensors before powering up the unit.
- Sensors can be daisy chained, or connected to a virtual star using the "S-Hub" unit.
- Terminate the RS485 line with a 120Ω to 470Ω terminator. Some sensors contain a built-in, jumper- or DIP-controlled terminator. See the sensor manual.



RI45 (8P8C)

- Check or set the sensor address. Each sensor on the RS-485 bus must have a unique address.
 The address (ID) is expressed as a letter (A..Z/a..z) or a number (65..122). The number corresponds to the ASCII code of the given letter: A=65, Z=90, a=97, z=122. For details about setting the address, see the sensor manual.
- If there is a change in the connected sensors, the sensors must be detected again (WWW interface > Sensors > Autodetect sensors).

Sensors are shipped with non-conflicting addresses whenever possible. The preconfigured address is written on the label.

Note: A particular sensor is identified by its RS-485 address. Sensors with the same address can be swapped without the need for a new detection.

Connecting the sensors RMS III

Common features of the RMS III

Displayed readings

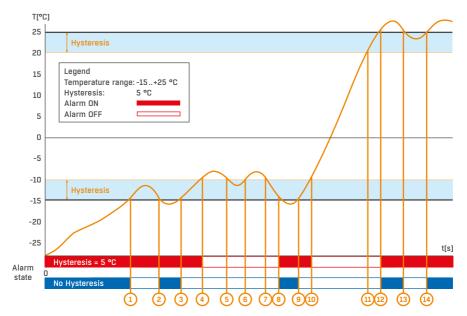
- RMS III displays current readings from all connected sensors.
- Dry contact inputs are scanned approximately every 20 ms and feature pulse counters. In order to signal an alarm, the respective digital input must remain in the Alarm state for at least 900 ms.
- Values from all sensors on both buses (RS-485 and 1W bus) are read in a single loop that repeats once per second; however, the actual time needed to read all sensors may vary from 1 to 30 seconds.
- All values are in the "integer / 10" format. The range is ±999.9.
- A value of 999.9 is out of range for all supported sensors and indicates that the sensor was not found.
 - If you have disconnected or replaced a sensor, run sensor autodetection, or remove the sensor from the list.
 - When the RMS III unit is overloaded with network requests (as is sometimes the case, for example, with our public online demo), -999.9 can sometimes appear even though the sensor works properly. This is due to limited computing performance of the unit. Try to reduce the number of direct requests.
- Measurement units are assigned to values automatically according to the detected sensor type. Supported units include:
 - Temperature: °C, °K, °F (please note that Safe Range thresholds can be set in °C only)
 - · Humidity: %RH
 - · Voltage: V, current: A or mA
 - Other units: %, and more...

Input/sensor in alarm state

- Alarm state can be set independently for every input (contact) / sensor.
- For a sensor, "Alarm" occurs whenever the reading is outside of the specified Safe Range, as long as alarm alerting is enabled for at least one notification method (SNMP/e-mail & SMS).
- · Response to a sensor being disconnected:
 - -999.9 is displayed.
 - The value evaluates as an "Alarm" (reading out of the specified Safe Range). If alarm alerting
 is enabled for the given sensor, e-mail or SNMP trap is sent.

Sensor hysteresis

The Hysteresis setting defines a tolerance band for alarm alerts. This feature prevents multiple alarm alerts if the reading oscillates around the specified threshold. See the graph for an explanation.



Without a hysteresis of 5°C, the alarm raised at point 8 would end at point 9. With the hysteresis function, the alarm continues until the temperature rises above the tolerance band (point 10), that is, 5°C + (-15°C) = -10°C.

• Hysteresis = 5 °C: The unit sends 3 e-mails (SMS)

Alarm at points 0..4, 8..10, 12 and after

• No hysteresis = 0 °C: The unit sends 8 e-mails (SMS)

Alarm at points 0..1, 2..3, 8..9, 12..13, 14 and after

Supported interfaces (in detail)

Connectors and connections



Power connector

	DB9M: RS-232			
	1 5 			
1	-	-	Not used	
2	RxD	←	Receive Data	
3	TxD	\rightarrow	Transmit Data	
4	DTR	\rightarrow	Data Terminal Ready	
5	GND — System Ground			
6	DSR	←	Data Set Ready	
7	RTS	\rightarrow	Request to Send	
8	CTS	←	Clear to Send	
9	-	-	Not used	



RJ11 (4P6C)

	RJ11: 1-Wire		
	+5V	Power	
1	-	Not used	
2	Data	Transmit Data	
3	GND	Ground	
4	+5V	Power	
	-	Not used	



RJ45 (8P8C)

1 8

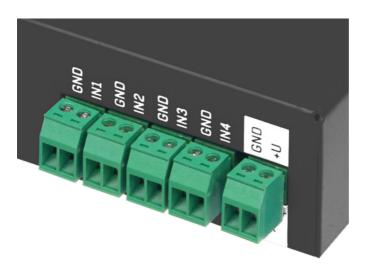


RJ45: RS-485		
1	111111111111	Not used
2		Not used
3	111111111111	485 B return
4	B (-)	RS-485
5	A (+)	
6		485 A return
7	GND	Ground
8	+12 V	Power

Dry contact inputs

Dry (voltage-free) contacts can be connected to the terminals. For example door contacts. The inputs are electrically connected to the power supply.

- · Unconnected inputs read as "O (Off)".
- Activated inputs (closed contacts) read as "1 (On)", resistance against the Common pin must not exceed 500Ω .
- RMS III inputs feature pulse counters; this can be used for example to read energy consumption from meters with a pulse output (S0). Counters are incremented whenever the input is closed. The pulse must be longer than 20 ms to be registered.



Specifications:

- · Maximum cable lenath: 50 m.
- Supported sensors: any contact without external voltage (dry contact).
- Alarm settings for each DI:
 - Alarm inactive.
 - · Alarm when the contact is closed.
 - · Alarm when the contact is open.
- · Possible Alarm responses: (common setting for all inputs).
 - · No response.
 - · Alarm alert sent as a SNMP trap.
 - · Alarm alert sent by e-mail or text message (SMS).
 - Alarm alert sent as a SNMP trap as well as by e-mail or SMS.
- Input polling period for alarms: approx. 900 ms.
- Input polling period for pulse counting: approx. 20 ms.
- Range of sensor IDs: inputs use ID addresses from 1 to 9.
- Sensor names: sensors can be named using up to 12 characters.
- Disconnected sensor detection: none, disconnected sensor reads as "O (Off)".

RJ11 - 1-Wire bus

Digital bus used by Dallas Semiconductors. Each sensor has a unique ID.

We recommend to keep the total wiring length under **60 m**, although functionality has been achieved over tens to hundreds of meters in experimental settings.

If the wiring connected to one connector of the RMS III unit is longer than approximately 60 m, we cannot guarantee error-free operation, as it greatly depends on the actual wiring implementation, topology and environment.

Active / Passive 1W port

An **active port** is the RJ11 jack at the RMS III unit. It supports the full maximum cable length and provides power for all 1-Wire UNI/1-Wire sensors.

When a sensor connected to one active port is moved to another one, it will appear disconnected. It is necessary to run the sensor auto-detection again.

A **passive port** is a RJ11 jack at a T-Hub or a RJ11 jack at a sensor (when daisy chaining). It cannot guarantee full cable length support and power for subsequent sensors. Sufficient power can be ensured with a 1-Wire hub Power unit.

1-Wire UNI (RJ11)

1-Wire UNI is a software extension of the 1-Wire bus.

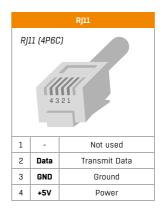
- 1-Wire UNI sensors:
 - Illumination sensor
 - 4-20 mA current sensor
 - 0-60 V (-48 V DC) voltage sensor
 - 0-30 A AC current sensor
 - Maximum wiring length: 60 m total length per active RJ11 port.

Note: The maximum length can be reduced when certain 1-Wire UNI sensors or multiple RJ11 male-female connectors are used.

• Power to sensors: 5 V / 20 mA from the R|11 jack (can be boosted by a "1-Wire hub Power").

Other parameters are identical to 1-Wire.





1-Wire (UNI) bus

- Supported sensors: only sensors supplied by HW group.
- 1-Wire UNI: the "UNI" software extension enables support for other than temperature and humidity sensors.
- Communication cable: 4-wire telephony cable.
- Polling period: 800 ms to 10 s.
- Sensor address assignment: automatic, each sensor has a unique address.
- Disconnected sensor detection: yes, disconnected sensor reads as "-999.9".
- Alarm if sensor is disconnected: if the sensor is set to alarm whenever its reading is outside of the safe range, disconnection triggers the alarm.



RJ11 (4P6C)

1-Wire bus accessories

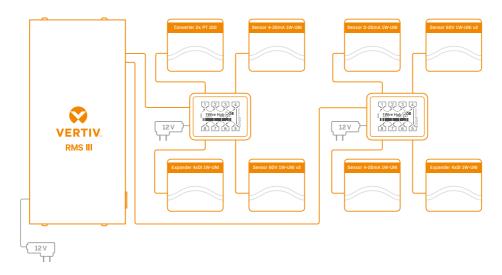
- T-Box 5-way hub for 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors
- 1-Wire hub Power 8-way hub + power booster for 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors
- T-Box2 2-way hub for 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors

Remember: All 1-Wire bus sensors have their unique serial numbers. These are stored with sensor names during autodetection and expressed using the sensor IDs. If you change the sensors on the bus, you must re-run **Autodetection** in the Flash SETUP.

Special accessories for the 1-Wire bus

- 1-Wire hub Power power booster + hub for 8 sensors
 - 1× input: 1-Wire bus1× input: 12 V DC power8× output: 1-Wire bus
 - · Compatible with 1-Wire and 1-Wire UNI bus





• T-Box2 - hub for 2 sensors

· Cable length: 1m

Maximum number of connected sensors: 2

Connectors: RJ11Bus type: 1-Wire bus

T-Box – hub for 5 sensors
 Cable length: 10 cm

· Maximum number of connected sensors: 5

Connectors: RJ11Bus type: 1-Wire bus

• Spider - bridges 1-Wire bus to RS-485

• The Spider unit connects to RMS III over the RS-485 bus.

• 4 sensors for the 1-Wire bus can be connected to the Spider unit.

 Spider ONLY supports temperature, humidity, and dry contact state sensors.

 Each sensor is connected to a separate connector and may be located up to 25 m away.

• Maximum number of connected sensors: 4× 1-Wire.

• Sensor types: 1-Wire bus (1-Wire) (does NOT support 1-Wire UNI).

· Connects to: RS-485.



Caution: The RMS III unit warranty explicitly excludes failures caused by connecting sensors made by other manufacturers or with excessively long wiring.

RJ45 - RS-485

The RS-485 bus can be used to connect up to 31 sensors over up to 1000 m, even in industrial environments. For convenience and ease of use, TP cables and RJ45 modular jacks are used to wire the RS485 industrial bus.

The **RS-485 bus** uses the **blue pair** of wires (pins 4 and 5), labeled A and B. The **brown pair** (pins 7, 8) carries 12 V to **power** the sensors.

If you use the S-Hub unit and the B-Cable module, the green pair of wires (pins 3, 6) is used for the return RS-485 connection. The green pair of wires is not connected at the RMS III unit.

- Maximum wiring length: up to 1000 m in total.
- Supported sensors: temperature, humidity, current, voltage and other sensors.
- Number of sensors on the RS-485 bus: Up to 31 physical sensors.

	Port 1 – RJ45		
	1 8		
1	10000000	Not used	
2		Not used	
3	111111111111	485 B return	
4	B (-)	DO 405	
5	A (+)	RS-485	
6		485 A return	
7	GND	Ground	
8	+12 V	Power	



- Power: 12 V / 120 mA, available at the RJ45 jack. Power supplied by the bus is sufficient for up to 3 external sensors, an **S-Hub** can be added to power more sensors.
- Communication cable: UTP, in some cases 4-wire phone cable.
- Alarm settings: checking the reading against its Safe Range.
- Polling period: 800 ms to 10 s (depending on the number of sensors, 10 seconds for 41 sensors).
- Sensor address assignment: manual, each sensor must have a unique address (see the Manual for the particular sensor).
- Range of sensor IDs: sensors use IDs from 48 to 122, the address corresponds to the ASCII code of 0..9, A..Z, a..z characters.
- Disconnected sensor detection: yes, disconnected sensor reads as "-999.9".
- Alarm if sensor is disconnected: if the sensor is set to alarm whenever its reading is outside
 of the safe range, disconnection triggers the alarm.

General RS-485 characteristics

- Maximum wiring length 1000 m.
- Up to 32 devices on the bus (RMS III unit + 31 sensors).
- · High resistance to noise in industrial environments.
- Daisy chain topology is necessary (as opposed to star topology).
- Each device must have a unique address.
- · Wire polarity must be respected.
- Line must be terminated at the beginning and at the end.

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Line (daisy chain) RS-485 topology

RS-485 termination at the RMS III side

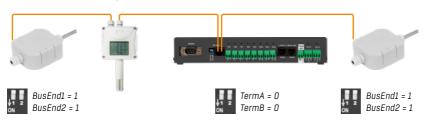
RMS III includes two DIP switches, labeled TermA and TermB, to activate RS-485 termination.



RMS III at the beginning of the RS-485 bus



RMS III in the middle of the RS-485 line



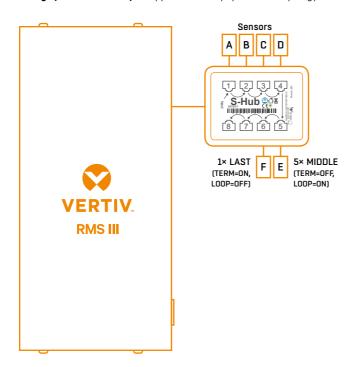
RS-485 termination

The RS-485 bus must be terminated at its end. The following options are available:

- DIP switch or jumper in certain sensors (jumper labeled TERM, TERMINATOR or BusEnd) for example Temp-485 or HTemp-485.
- If the **B-Cable adaptor** is used, set the switches to the "LAST" configuration.
- External resistor for sensors without a jumper or a DIP switch (Temp-485-Pt100). Terminate the end of the RS-485 bus at the last sensor with an external resistor (connected between the A and B terminals of the last sensor).

The resistance of this resistor should be 120Ω . For a short wiring, up to 470Ω can be used to reduce the current consumption of the sensors.

Note: A disadvantage is that it is necessary to have **a wiring topology with a single beginning and a single, terminated end,** as opposed to the popular star topology with a single interconnection point.

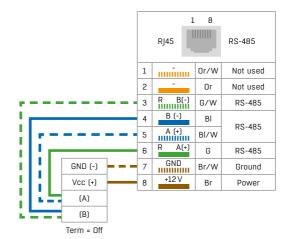


Sensor RJ45 MIDDLE cable

RS-485 cable, $0.5 \,\mathrm{m}$, RJ45/4 pins. Connects 4 terminals (A, B, +, -) to a RJ45 jack (3 pairs).

This cable is used to connect all sensors except for the last one in the chain.

Sensors connected with this cable **must not terminate** the RS-485 bus.



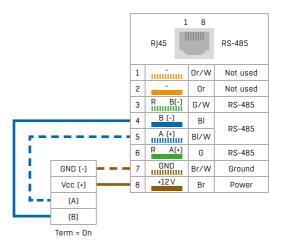
Sensor RI45 LAST cable

RS-485 cable, 0.5 m, RJ45/4 pins. Connects 4 terminals (A, B, +, -) to a RJ45 jack (2 pairs only).

This cable is used to connect the last sensor in the chain.

The sensor connected with this cable **must terminate** the RS-485 bus in one of the following ways:

- External 120 Ω termination resistor.
- Jumper or DIP switch at the sensor set to TERM=ON.
- For other options, see the sensor manual.



Spider

A converter to connect four 1-Wire bus sensors to the RS-485 bus. Each 1-Wire bus sensor connects to a separate connector. The Spider allows to connect RMS III with 1-Wire sensors at a greater distance (up to 1000 m between the RMS III and Spider, as defined by the RS-485 bus specification).

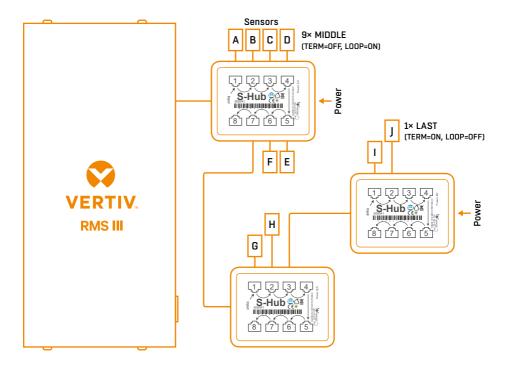


S-Hub - 8× RJ45 TP hub.

The S-Hub unit with one input and 8 output ports is used to connect up to eight RS-485 sensors with TP cables.

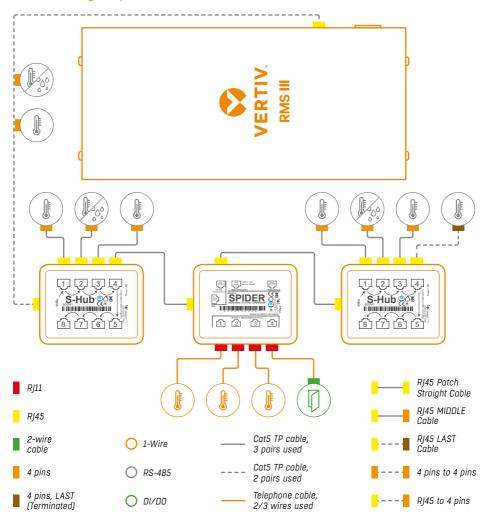
- Makes it possible to connect sensors in a star topology (sensors must be connected using TP cables).
- · Simpler and faster connection of sensors.
- · Makes expanding an installation easier.
- Easier way of powering the sensors. A standard power adapter connects directly to the S-Hub unit.





Note: It is possible to mix the star/daisy chain topologies with S-Hub, see the examples in the following chapter.

RS-485 bus wiring example



- The bus leads via a 4-wire connection from a RMS III unit to two daisy chained sensors, Temp-485 and HTemp-485. Two twisted pairs are used for the connection.
- An **S-Hub** unit is daisy chained via the RJ45 jack to the second **HTemp-485** sensor using a 4-wire connection. The brown pair carries power, the blue pair is used for data.
- Temp-485 and HTemp-485 sensors are connected to S-Hub connectors 1 through 3 using 6-wire connections (brown pair for power, blue pair leads the bus to the device, green pair back from the device).
- Connector 4 of the first S-Hub unit is used to connect a Spider converter with a patch cable.
 The Spider is used to connect three Temp-1Wire 10m sensors and one door contact (the contact is connected to the blue R|45 pair).

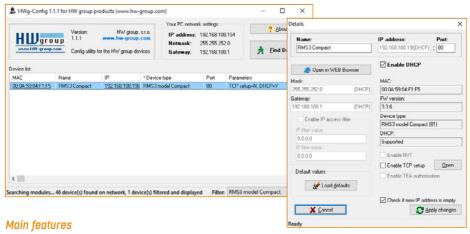
- The second S-Hub unit is connected with a patch cable to the Spider output.
- Temp-485 and HTemp-485 sensors are connected to S-Hub connectors 1 through 3 using 6-wire connections (brown pair for power, blue pair leads the bus to the device, green pair back from the device).
- Connector 4 connects a Temp-485 sensor with a 4-wire connection (brown pair to power the sensor, blue pair for the A/B signals of the bus). The Temp-485 sensor is configured to terminate the bus using the TERM jumper.

User interface

Vertiv Confia

Vertiv Config is a freeware utility for assigning IP addresses and changing network settings over the Ethernet.

- · Windows and Linux version.
- IP address is assigned to a product with a specific MAC address.
- · No installation is necessary, simply run the EXE file.
- Provides a clear overview of device names and parameters.



- · Concise graphical environment.
- Device name, type, MAC address, IP address and communication port is displayed after a device is found.
- · Windows and Linux versions available.
- Displays current network settings of your computer.
- · Checks if the IP address is in use before assigning it.
- Single-click access to the device web page.
- · Ability to open a Telnet session for TCP Setup.
- · Ability to restore "factory-default" settings.

(40) RMS III User interface

WEB interface

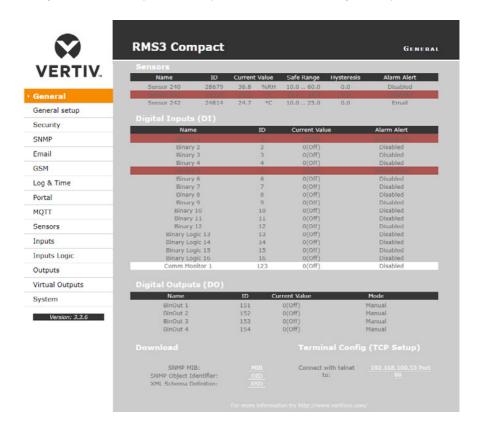
Main communication interface.

RMS III offers a simple and user-friendly graphical WWW interface. Besides displaying current readings, the interface provides access to complete device configuration and management, including network settings, sensor configuration and alarm responses (SNMP traps).

To access the web interface, enter the RMS III IP address into the URL field of your browser.

General

The main page with the overview of sensor and input readings automatically reloads at configurable intervals (by default every 10 seconds, can be changed easily).



Sensors

The Sensors table displays information (valid at the time of the last refresh) about detected and activated sensors, including their states.

- Name textual name of the input, assigned by user at the Sensors tab.
- ID 16-bit ID of the sensor, unique within a particular device.
- Current Value current sensor reading, including the measurement unit.

Note: If a sensor is not connected, -999.9 is displayed.

- Safe Range as long as the reading stays within this range, alarm is inactive for the sensor.
- Hysteresis sets the hysteresis to prevent repeated alarms when the reading fluctuates near a Safe Range threshold. For more details, see Sensor hysteresis.
- Alarm Alert list of alarm settings for each sensor (alarm is triggered by reading out of the safe range).
- · Line background color:
 - White / no color = input is not in alarm.
 - Red = input is in alarm.
 - Yellow = alarm is disabled for this input but the value is out of the safe range.

Digital Inputs (DI)

This section displays current states of dry contact inputs, including alarm states and settings. Active alarm is indicated by a red background of the corresponding line.

- Name textual name of the input, assigned by user at the Inputs tab.
- ID unique input ID number, as marked on the unit.
- Current Value
 - 0 (Off) open contact.
 - 1 (On) closed contact.
- Alarm Alert list of alarm settings for each input (triggered by values out of safe range).
- Counter RMS III inputs feature pulse counters; this can be used for example to read energy consumption from meters with a pulse output (SO). Counters are incremented whenever the input is closed. The pulse must be longer than 20 ms to be registered.
- · Line background color:
 - Default color = input is not in alarm.
 - Red = input is in alarm.

Diaital Outputs

Displays current output states, including their modes.

- Name textual name of the output, assigned by user at the **Outputs** tab.
- ID unique output ID number, as marked on the unit.
- Current Value
 - 0 (Off) output is idle (open, COM + NO connected).
 - 1 (On) output is active (closed, COM + NC connected).
- Mode output mode, configured at the Outputs tab.

Other information

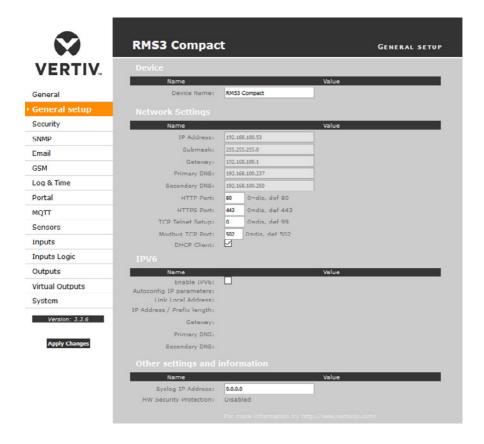
- MIB links to the SNMP definition file (right-click the link and select "Save Target as..." to save the file to disk).
- OID (SNMP Object Identifier) provides a list of the most frequent SNMP OIDs (right-click the link and select "Save Target as..." to save the file to disk).
- XSD links to the XML definition file for the values.xml file (right-click the link and select "Save Target as..." to save the file to disk).

RMS III WFB interface Terminal Config (TCP Setup) – link containing the IP address and the port to open a terminal session for TCP Setup.

Note: The design of the main page can be only customized after consulting the manufacturer, under our "Customization" program. For more information, contact your distributor.

General Setup

Network settings of the device: Network parameters, trusted IP address range, temperature units, output states, etc.



Device name

Name assigned to this particular device. This name is shown in all overviews along with the IP address (**Vertiv Config**); it is also used as the sysname variable in SNMP.

Network Settings

This block configures the main network parameters for Ethernet communication:

- IP address IP address of the unit. After a change, the device needs to be restarted.
- Submask local network mask. After a change, the device needs to be restarted.
- Gateway default gateway. After a change, the device needs to be restarted.
- Primary DNS/Secondary DNS primary and secondary DNS server settings. Gateway needs to be set correctly for correct operation. A DNS server is necessary for converting domain names to IP addresses. Without a correctly configured DNS server, the following functions will not work:
 - Time sync (SNTP), used in e-mails and SNMP traps to timestamp events.
 - · E-mailing (SMTP).
 - · Logging of values with timestamps.
- HTTP port port for communication using the HTTP protocol. Default is 80.
- HTTPS port port for communication using the HTTPS protocol. Default is 443.
- TCP Telnet Setup port for the terminal telnet setup mode. Default is 99.
- Modbus TCP Port port for communication using the Modbus/TCP protocol. Default is 502.
- DHCP Client activates automatic network configuration using a DHCP server. Enabled by default.

IPV6

This block groups options for operation in networks that support IPv6.

- Enable IPV6 enables IPv6 support.
- Autoconfig IP parameters enables automatic network configuration using SLAAC.
- Link Local Address link address of the device; only visible from the local network.
- IP Address / Prefix length global (public) IP address and network prefix. Consists of the link address and the network prefix.
- Gateway default gateway. After a change, the device needs to be restarted.
- Primary DNS/Secondary DNS primary and secondary DNS server settings. Gateway needs to be set correctly for correct operation.

Other Settings and Information

- Display Temperature In specifies the temperature measurement unit (C Celsius / centigrade, F Fahrenheit, K Kelvin). The setting only applies to the WWW interface. All other interfaces and protocols use °C, unless specified otherwise in the interface description.
- System temperature in specifies the temperature measurement unit for communication protocols
 and logs. Available options are degrees Celsius (default due to backward compatibility) or "by
 Display temp", which uses the unit selected in the "Display temperature in" field.
- Syslog IP Address IP address of the SYSLOG server for log messages.
- HW Security Protection mechanical jumper can prevent any changes in the device configuration.
 - Outputs: Values of outputs can be changed.
 - Configuration: No changes to the device settings are permitted.

The protection status is displayed in the bottom left-hand corner. When the HW Protection is active, any configuration changes, including changes of the output states, are ignored. This mode is useful when connecting the RMS III to a publicly accessible network.

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply Changes button.

Counters

Resets the counter states at all device inputs – see *Inputs*. Resetting the device also resets the counters.

Security

Security

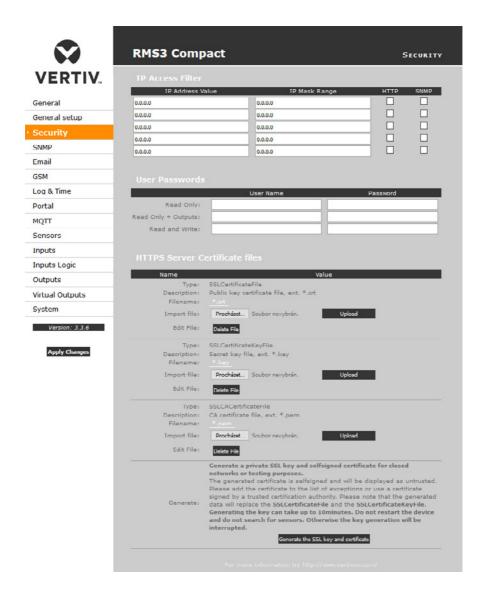
Security settings. Restrictions in individual modes are shown in the following table. The rows indicate the method of accessing the device over IP, the columns specify the restrictions resulting from the respective security settings.

	No	rictions protection	User Password			IP Access filter		SNMP Communities	
	restrictions (default)		Read only	Read + Outputs	Read & Write	НТТР	SNMP	Comun1	Comun2
Web index (General)	~	~	~	~	~	filtered	×	×	×
Other pages	R/W	R	R	R/W**	R/W	filtered	×	×	×
Values.xml	R	R	R	R	R	filtered	×	×	×
Setup.xml	R/W	R	R	R/W**	R/W	filtered	×	×	×
SNMP get (next)	R	R	×	×	×	×	filtered	R*	R*
SNMP set	W	×	×	×	×	×	filtered	[R*/]W*	[R*/]W*
Modbus/TCP	R/W	R	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
TCP setup	~	×	×	×	~	×	×	×	×
Vertiv Config	R/W	R	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
FW update	~	×	×	×	~	filtered	×	×	×
M2M outputs	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	×	×	×	×

^{*} R and/or W must be enabled on the **SNMP Setup** tab by checking appropriate boxes.

Note: The "No restrictions" column reflects the default configuration (also shown in the screenshots). That is, HW protection DIP=Off, no password set, IP Access filter set to 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0.

^{**} Only outputs can be changed, nothing else. Even the output mode cannot be changed.



IP Access Filter

Allows defining a range of trusted IP addresses that are allowed to access the RMS III over HTTP and SNMP. The IP range is configured separately for each protocol.

To set up the filter, specify the base IP address and the mask that define the trusted range according to the formula below (AND is bitwise multiplication). Access is granted if the condition is true.

(IP trying to access AND Mask Value) = IP Address Value

IP Filter	settings	Access granted to	Note		
IP Address Value	Mask Value	from to			
192.168.1.2	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.2	Only one IP allowed		
192.168.1.87	192.168.1.87	192.168.1.87	Only one IP allowed		
192.168.1.0	192.168.1.224	192.168.1.0192.168.1.31	32 allowed addresses		
192.168.1.0	192.168.1.0	192.168.1.0192.168.1.255	All 192.168.1.x addresses (256) allowed		
192.168.0.2	192.168.254.255	192.168.0.2 and 192.168.1.2	Only 1 address but on two networks		
192.168.0.0		192.168.0.0192.168.0.15			
	192.168.252.240	192.168.1.0192.168.1.15	4× 16 addresses allowed		
	132.100.232.240	192.168.2.0192.168.2.15	4~ 10 ganie2262 gilomen		
		192.168.3.0192.168.3.15			

User Passwords

Three separate user accounts (username and password) can be set up for SNMP and HTTP access.

- · Account types:
 - Read Only can only read values and configuration settings.
 - Read Only + Outputs can read values and set outputs, cannot change configuration settings (not even input names).
 - Read & Write can perform any changes.
- The "Read Only" account has only read access to values, cannot perform any configuration changes. The "Read&Write" account can change configuration settings.
- After setting up a username and a password, you will be asked to log in every time you try to open the Web interface.
- Passwords also apply to access to /values.xml and /setup.xml see the table.

In case of "Read Only" user for HTTP access, you will no longer be able to change configuration settings in the web interface.

What to do if you forget your password

- Restore the factory-default configuration of the device by one of the following methods:
 - Use the Vertiv Config utility (on a PC in the same LAN).
 Right-click the line corresponding to the device and select "Load to defaults" from the pop-up menu.
 - Use the DIP Load default function.
 Toggle DIP1 several times during the first 5 seconds after powering up the device.

HTTPS Server Certificate files

Used to manage certificates needed for the HTTPS server. Allows you to upload or delete a public key, a private key, or a certificate of the certificate authority (CA) that has issued the public key certificate.

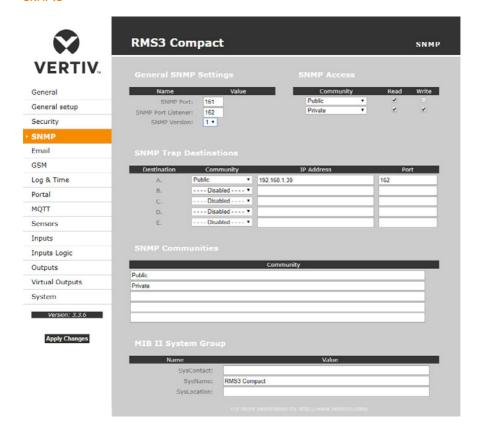
Generate the SSL key and certificate

Generate a private SSL key and self-signed certificate for closed networks or testing purposes. The generated certificate is self-signed and will be displayed as untrusted. Please add the certificate to the list of exceptions or use a certificate signed by a trusted certification authority. Please note that the generated data will replace the SSLCertificateFile and the SSLCertificateKeyFile. Generating the key can take up to 10 minutes. Do not restart the device and do not search for sensors. Otherwise the key generation will be interrupted.

SNMP

The SNMP tab allows to configure the settings for communication with RMS III using the SNMP protocol. The page content is slightly different for SNMPv1 and SNMPv3. See the next sections for details.

SNMPv1



General SNMP Settings

- SNMP port communication port to use for the SNMP protocol [161].
- SNMP Port Listener port for receiving SNMP traps from RMS III devices in Box2Box communication mode [162].
- SNMP Version configures SNMP protocol version [1].

SNMP Access

Defines names and access rights for user groups that can work with the RMS III unit.

- · Community textual name of the authorized group (by default Public and Private).
 - Read the community is authorized to read variables over SNMP.
 - Write the community is authorized to write values to variables over SNMP.

SNMP Trap Destination

Destinations for sending SNMP Traps.

- Community textual name of the group for the SNMP trap being sent.
- IP address destination address where the SNMP traps are sent.
- Port destination port where the SNMP traps are sent.

SNMP Communities

· Community - textual name of the security group.

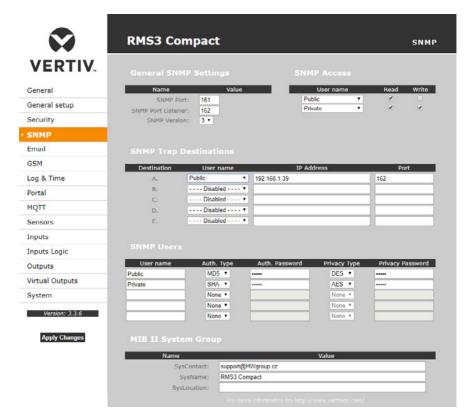
MIB II System Group

User-defined data in the standard SNMP header.

- SysContact contact information of the system administrator, e.g. an e-mail address.
- SysName same as the device name.
- SysLocation location of the unit, e.g. "IT room, floor 2".

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply Changes button.

SNMPv3



General SNMP Settinas

- SNMP port communication port to use for the SNMP protocol [161].
- SNMP Port Listener port for receiving SNMP traps from RMS III devices in Box2Box communication mode [162].
- SNMP Version configures SNMP protocol version [1].

SNMP Access

Defines names and access rights for user groups that can work with the RMS III unit.

- User name textual name of the authorized group (by default Public and Private).
 - Read the community is authorized to read variables over SNMP.
 - Write the community is authorized to write values to variables over SNMP.

SNMP Trap Destination

Destinations for sending SNMP Traps.

- User name textual name of the group for the SNMP trap being sent.
- IP address destination address where the SNMP traps are sent.
- Port destination port where the SNMP traps are sent.

SNMP Users

User names and passwords for SNMPv3 communication.

- User name user name.
- Auth. Type cipher type for user authentication. Available options are MD5 and SHA.
- Auth. Password password for user authentication.
- Privacy Type cipher type for encrypting the communication. Available options are DES and AES.
- Privacy Password password (key) for encrypting the communication.

MIB II System Group

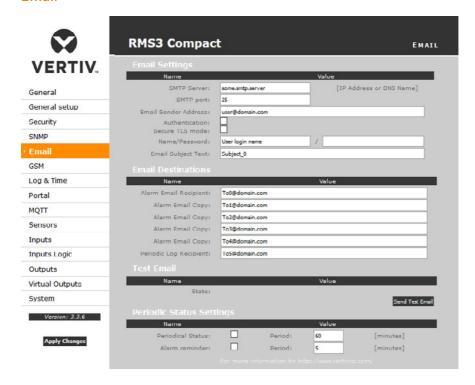
User-defined data in the standard SNMP header.

- SysContact contact information of the system administrator, e.g. an e-mail address.
- SysName same as the device name.
- SysLocation location of the unit, e.g. "IT room, floor 2".

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply Changes button.

RMS III WFB interface

Fmail



- SMTP Server host name or IP address of the SMTP server.
- SMTP Port port for communication with the SMTP server (25 by default).
- Email Sender Address e-mail address that will be shown in the "From" field.
- Authentication enables username/password authentication if the SMTP server requires it.
- Secure TLS mode activates SSL/TLS authentication (e.g. for gmail).
- Name username for authentication with the SMTP server.
- Password password for authentication with the SMTP server.
- Email Subject Text subject of the e-mails sent, followed by the default e-mail text (see e-mail format).
- Alarm Email Recipient e-mail address of the main recipient (To).
- Alarm Email Copy e-mail address of the carbon-copy recipient (Cc).
- Periodic Log Recipient e-mail address of the recipient for periodically e-mailed logs.
- Send Test Email button sends a test e-mail.

Periodic Status Settings

- Periodical Status when enabled, sends an e-mail with device status at the specified intervals. For example every 24 hours (1440 minutes).
- Alarm reminder when active, sends periodic reminders that the device is in the Alarm state.
 For example every 15 minutes.

To send e-mail, check:

- 1. Correct Gateway IP address
- 2. **DNS server** in the network settings
- 3. SMTP server and port
- 4. Authentication enabled, correct username and password
- 5. Spam filter for your mailbox is disabled

Tip: It is not always necessary to configure a **SMTP Server** in order to send e-mails. RMS III can work as SMTP server itself and deliver the e-mails directly to the user's mailbox. However, always test this mode in your particular environment – the e-mails sent in this mode are often blocked by various spam filters due to missing reverse MX records. RMS III can only send e-mails, it cannot receive them.

Received e-mail example

This e-mail is sent upon every alarm activation and deactivation.

DATE 10.10.20				-	Device_IP 192.168.1.20		
Email initiated: 48245		48245	T-Room	1	Alarm ACTIVATED		
 ID 	SENSOR_NO				Safe_RANGE		
ALARM	state:						
	T-Room C-water				-45.0 22.0		
Sensors							
	T-Room				-45.0 <i></i> 22.0	Enabled	
1559	H-Room		53.00	%RH	30.0 80.0	Enabled	
48	T-Srv01		-27.30	°C	-49.025.1	Disabled	
257	ABCDEFGH	JKLMN0	-109.30	°C	-150.0105.0	Enabled	
1	C-water		OFF			if OFF	
2	C-AirFl		OFF			if ON	
3	C-Door1		OFF			Disabled	
Server_room1: http:/					00:0A:59:00:00:00		

(52) RMS III WEB interface

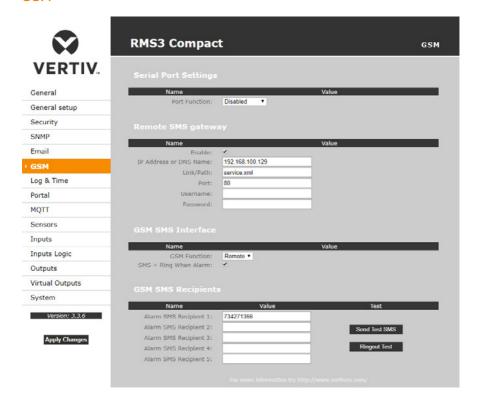
Tip: For detailed description of the e-mail format, see the "Using RMS III units in your programs".

Sending a test e-mail

Multiple systems need to be configured correctly in order to send e-mails from the device successfully. Therefore, it is advisable to double-check the following parameters:

- · Gateway in the network settings.
- DNS server in the network settings.
- · SMTP server and port.
- Authentication enabled, correct username and password.
- Spam filter for your mailbox is disabled.

GSM



Serial Port Settings

Port Function – sets the serial port function (only for models with a serial port and the netGSM server side feature). 2 options are available:

- Disabled serial port is off. Only if no modem is connected and the device works as the client side.
- GSM modem a GSM modem is connected, and RMS III also acts as a netGSM server.

Remote SMS gateway

Configures the IP address, HTTP port and path to the service for sending SMS requests. For RMS III, the path is always service.xml.

GSM SMS interface

Configures the parameters for sending text messages.



- GSM Function selects whether SMS are sent through a local modem (only available if the serial port is in GSM Modem mode).
- SMS+Ring when Alarm enables sending a SMS and then dialing the number.
- RS-232 GSM module indicates if the GSM modem is ready.
 - Not Enabled inactive. Shown after changing RS-232 port configuration but before saving it.
 - Not Found RMS III is configured for a locally-connected GSM modem but the modem was not found.
 - Waiting for modem looking for the modem.
 - Initializing the modem is being initialized.
 - Ready the modem is ready.
- SMS center Number (only for RMS III with a RS-232 modem connected) provider's SMS center number, as read from the SIM card. If the number has not been read, it is not possible to send SMS.

GSM SMS recipients

Configures the numbers of SMS recipients, regardless of the mode of operation (local/remote modem).

- Send Test SMS sends a test SMS to all configured numbers.
- RingOut Test dials all configured numbers.

Example of a received SMS:

- Device name: RMS III
- · Sensors in Alarm:
 - Rack11 = 48.5°C, threshold is 40°C
 - T-Room = 48.3°C, threshold is 35°C
 - H-Room = 10% RH, threshold is 45% RH

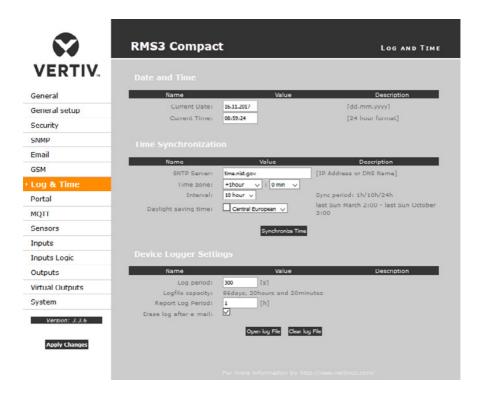
RMS III ALARM: Rack11(48,5), T-Room(48,3), H-Room(10)

Tip: For detailed description of the SMS format, see the "Using RMS III units in your programs".

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply Changes button.

Log & Time

This tab lets you configure the date, time, and logging options.



Date and Time

Current date and time settings.

- Current Date date in the [dd.mm.yyyy] format, for example: 04.10.2017.
- Current Time current time in the 24-hour [hh:mm:ss] format, for example: 14:28:39. The time increases automatically while the browser window is open.

Time Synchronization

SNTP server settings for time synchronization. If the time is not set (the date 1.1.1970 is displayed), the device attempts to synchronize the time approximately once per hour until successful.

• SNTP Server - IP address or host name of the SNTP server to synchronize the time with. Preconfigured server is ntpl.sth.netnod.se.

Note: The clock does not run when RMS III is powered off. The unit contains no battery. After a power failure, the time will be synchronized with the SNTP server.

Data Logger Settings

Configuration parameters for logging values to a circular buffer within the internal flash memory. When the buffer is full, the oldest values are overwritten with the newest ones.

- Log Period period of logging into the logfile for all values.
- Logfile capacity the capacity estimate is given in days, hours and minutes. RMS III calculates the capacity based on the number of sensors detected.

Caution: When the circular buffer is full, the remaining capacity shown will be zero. Clear the buffer to find out the total capacity.

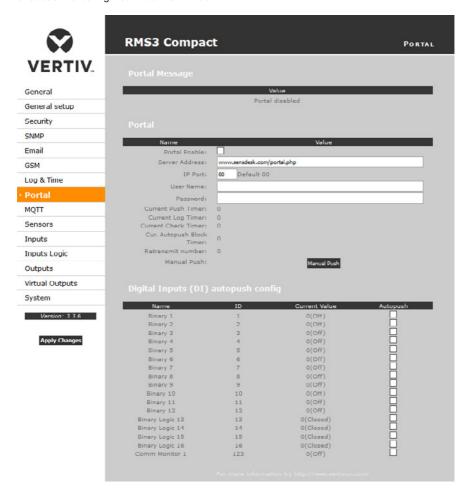
- Report Log Period period for e-mailing the log.
- Erase log after e-mail the log is cleared after it is e-mailed. This reduces attachment size and can speed up data transfer.
- Open log File stores the current logfile to disk by invoking the external /spilog.txt file.
- Clear log File clears all values from the logfile by calling the external /spilog.del file.

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply Changes button.

RMS III WFB interface

Portal

Configures the communication with the portal using the HWg-Push protocol. RMS III is the active side and establishes the connection periodically and/or whenever a change in a sensor value exceeds the configured AutoPush value.



Connection parameters for the www.SensDesk.com portal are pre-filled.

Portal Message

Information from the portal, such as links to graphs. Depends on the portal type.

Portal

- Portal enable turns this feature on or off.
- Server Address complete URL of the remote server.
- IP Port port where the portal listens.
- User Name user name for assigning to a user. You will receive it from your portal administrator.
- Password password for assigning to a user. You will receive it from your portal administrator.
- Current Push Timer indicates the remaining time before the next periodic data upload.
- Current Log Timer indicates the remaining time before the next caching of data.
- Current Autopush Block Timer indicates the delay from one AutoPush upload to the next. The period is configured from the portal.
- Retransmit number number of retransmissions if a Push fails.
- Manual Push button for immediate manual upload of data to the portal.

AutoPush configuration

RMS III connects to the portal immediately and notifies a value change whenever a change in the sensor reading exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

This configuration only applies to the communication between RMS III and the online portal. Local alarm values are configured in the portal.

For portal connection, check:

- 1. Correct Gateway IP address
- 2. DNS server in the network settings
- 3. Correct Server Address of the portal

RMS III WFB interface

MQTT

Used to connect RMS III to an IoT network using the MQTT protocol.



MOTT Settings

- MQTT Enable enables or disables data transfer using the MQTT protocol.
- Server IP address or domain name of the MQTT broker server.
- Port TCP port where the MQTT broker listens (default is 1883, or 8883 for SSL).
- Username user name for logging in to the MQTT broker.
- Password password for logging in to the MQTT broker.
- Secure SSL mode enables or disables SSL support when communicating with the MOTT broker.
- Client ID device ID in the MQTT network.
- Publish Period frequency of sending data to the MOTT broker.
- Topic Prefix Name MQTT Topic (address) prefix.

Sensors Topic

- Name corresponds to the Name at the Sensors tab.
- ID corresponds to the ID at the Sensors tab.
- Publish enables or disables the sending of information about a particular sensor.
- Topic Name = value complete Topic after the prefix:
 - x/Value current sensor value.
 - x/State current sensor state.

Inputs Topic

- Name corresponds to the Name at the Inputs tab.
- ID corresponds to the ID at the Inputs tab.
- Publish enables or disables the sending of information about a particular input.
- Topic Name = value complete Topic after the prefix:
 - x/Value current input value.
 - x/State current input status.
 - x/Counter current counter status.

Outputs Topic

- Name corresponds to the Name at the Outputs tab.
- ID corresponds to the ID at the Outputs tab.
- Publish enables or disables the sending of information about a particular output.
- Topic Name = value complete Topic after the prefix:
 - x/Value current output value.

User Topic

User Topic can be used to create a user topic (message) with data needed by a custom application. To do that, the macro commands described below are available.

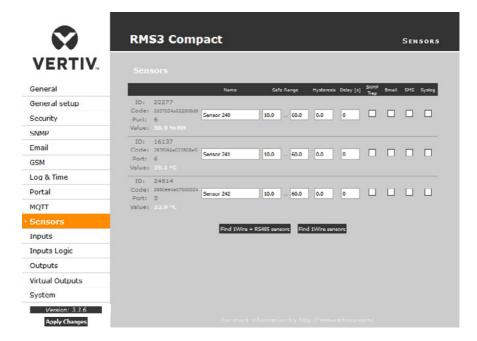
- User Topic Enable enables the user topic (message).
- Topic Name message name.
- Topic Value user message template.
- Topic Test preview of the resulting messages after the macros are processed.

(60) RMS III WEB interface

Macros: %ID IN *% - Start of sequence of the inputs with firmly defined ID's %ID IN END% - End of the fixed sequence of the inputs %LOOP IN% - Beginning of the sequence of the inputs that passes all ID's %LOOP IN END% - End of the complete sequence of the inputs %ID OUT *% - Start sequence of the outputs with firmly defined ID's %ID OUT END% - End of fixed sequence of the outputs %LOOP OUT% - Start sequence outputs that passes all ID's %LOOP_OUT_END% - End of the complete sequence of the outputs %ID_SENSOR_*% - Start sequence with sensors firmly defined ID's %ID_SENSOR_END% - End of fixed sequence sensors %LOOP_SENSOR% - Start sequence of sensors that passes all ID's %LOOP_SENSOR_END% - End of the complete sequence of sensors %VAL_ID% - Variable ID item %VAL_NAME% variable name item - Variable values of the item %VAL_VALUE% %VAL STATE% - State variables of the item

Sensors

This tab configures the parameters for all sensors on both buses.



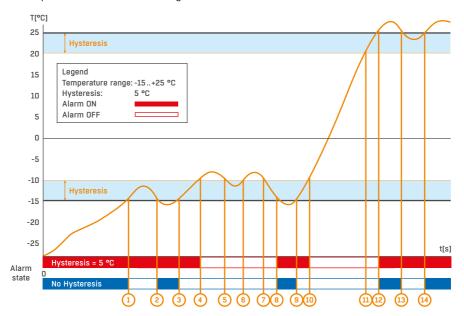
Find 1Wire + RS485 sensors and Find 1Wire sensors

Buttons to start the automatic detection of connected sensors. When the button is clicked, all other activity stops and the autodetection starts. The process can take a long time, even 2 minutes. When the detection completes, a dialog informs about the results. After a successful autodetection, all sensors are ready to measure.

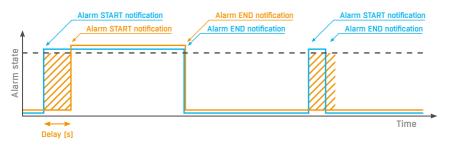
Note: For a faster autodetection with a more detailed output, see the TCP Setup section.

The sensors must be with auto-detected after every change.

- Name name of the input, up to 12 chars (e.g. "above door", "area1 humid").
- ID unique sensor identifier, specifies its address on the bus. The range for sensors is [65..150] and [256..65535].
- Code full ID of the 1-Wire sensor.
- Port number of the 1-Wire port (connector) at the device where the sensor is connected.
- Value current sensor reading. Sensors that are not found or not working read as -999.99.
- Safe Range range of values which are considered OK. When exceeded, alarm is raised. When configured to 15.0..35.0, an e-mail is sent for values below 14.9 and above 35.1.
- Hysteresis defines a tolerance band when exceeding a threshold in order to avoid raising
 multiple alarms when the reading fluctuates near the threshold.



• Delay [s] - delays the sending of information about the beginning of the alarm.



Alarm status notification based on a Delay value:

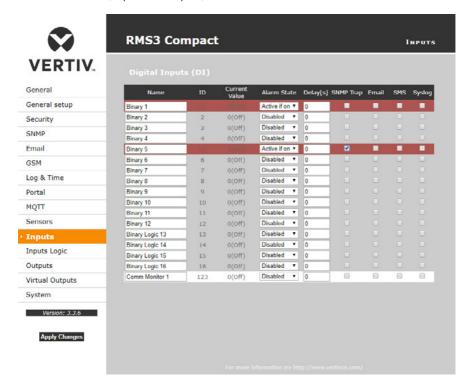
- Blue: Delay = 0
- · Yellow: Delay is non-zero

- SNMP Trap enables the sending of a SNMP trap upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- Email enables the sending of an e-mail upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- SMS enables the sending of a SMS upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- Syslog enables the sending of SYSLOG messages.

Note: SMS (text messages) are sent through a GSM modem connected directly to the RMS III unit via RS-232.

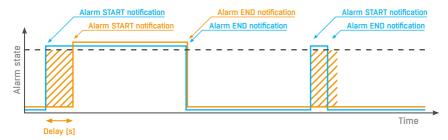
Inputs

Parameters for DI (Dry Contact Inputs).



- Name name of the input, up to 12 chars (e.g. "2f left door", "smoke sect 1").
- ID unique ID of the input variable within the device [1..32].
- Current Value current state of the input ("O (Off)" / "1 (On)").
- Alarm State alarm state definition for each input.
 - Active if On alarm is active whenever the input is in 1 (On).
 - Active if Off alarm is active whenever the input is in 0 (Off).
 - Disabled input has no alarm state defined.

• Delay [s] - delays the sending of information about the beginning of the alarm.



Alarm status notification based on a Delay value:

- Blue: Delay = 0
- Yellow: Delay is non-zero
- SNMP Trap enables the sending of a SNMP trap upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- Email enables the sending of an e-mail upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- SMS enables the sending of a SMS upon alarm activation/deactivation.
- Syslog enables the sending of SYSLOG messages.

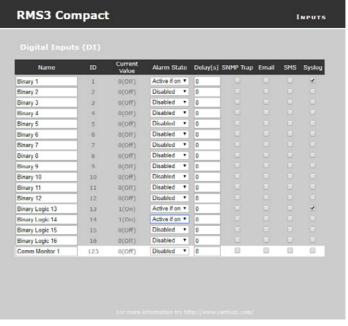
Note: SMS (text messages) are sent through a GSM modem connected directly to the RMS III unit via the RS-232 interface.

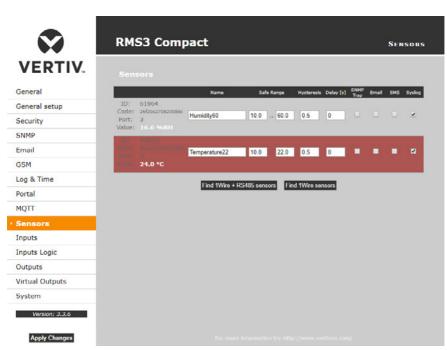
Digital Inputs Logic (DIL)

The virtual input system on the RMS III allows to create simple logical operations above the connected inputs and sensors. You can use OR, AND and with inversion also NOR and NAND. The Virtual Inputs have their own delay value for alarm start and end. All the inputs logic are tied to the ALARM functions. This means that you MUST have at least one alarm function (SNMP Trap, Email, SMS, Syslog) activated on the corresponding input or sensor to use the Virtual inputs with it. If no option is selected, the ALARM state can never occur and cannot be used in the Digital Inputs Logic. You also have to select the Alarm State value:

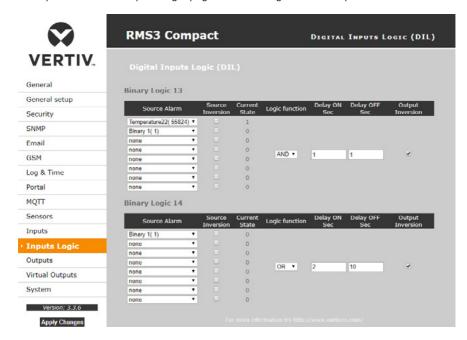


Version: 3.3.6
Apply Changes

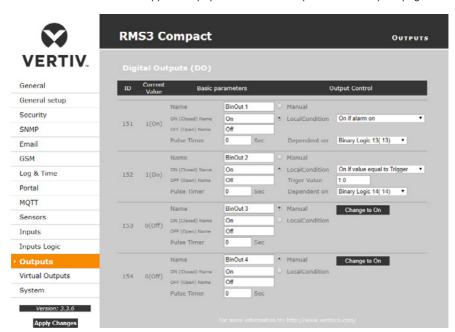




Then you can use the Inputs Logic page to set the logical function parameters:

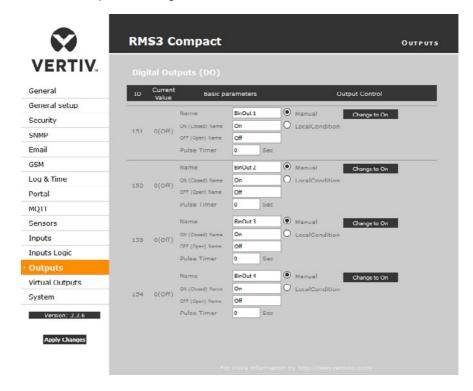


The final value can now be applied to physical or virtual outputs on the Outputs page:



Outputs

Controls the outputs and configures their modes.



Basic parameters

- ID unique ID of the output within the device [151 .. 215].
- Current Value current state of the input ("O (Off)" / "1 (On)").
- Name name of the output, up to 12 chars (e.g. "top fan", "Door rack 4").
- ON (Closed) Name name of the "1 (On)" state e.g. "closed", "flooded", "activated" etc.
- OFF (Open) Name name of the "O (Off)" state e.g. "open", "inactive" etc.
- Pulse timer activates the input (switches to 1 (On) state) only for the defined period. To reverse
 the function, use the NO/NC relay output. When Pulse Timer = 0, the pulse function is disabled
 (default).

The pulse also applies to the local condition. The pulse width applies from the beginning of the local condition (safe value exceeded). There is only one pulse per satisfaction of the condition.

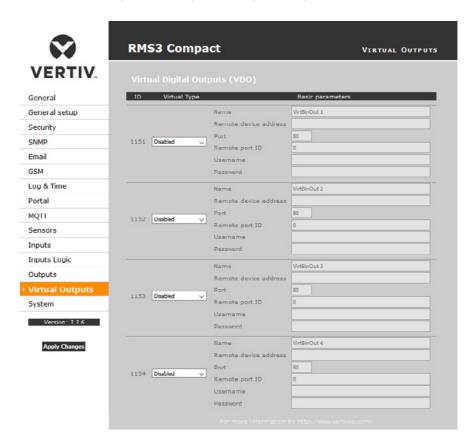
Output Control

- Manual output controlled over the web or M2M protocols (XML, SNMP, ...).
 - Change to On/Off change output state (after confirming with Apply Changes).
- Local Condition output is controlled using a condition and a sensor. The output state is readonly for M2M protocols (output cannot be controlled). The control is linked to the Target Value, hysteresis is used (IDLE Range) as configured for the sensor.
 - On if any alarm the output is closed if at least one of the inputs or sensors is in alarm.
 Caution: This condition also takes into account the DELAY and HYSTERESIS settings for individual active sensors and inputs.
 - On if alarm on the output is closed whenever there is an Alarm at the selected sensor (input).
 - On if value equal to Trigger the output is closed if the value matches the Target Value setting.
 - On if value higher than Trigger the output is closed if the Current Value is greater than the Target Value setting.
 - On if value lower than Trigger the output is closed if the Current Value is less than the Target Value setting.
- Trigger Value trigger threshold for the condition (e.g. output is activated if the value is higher than the Trigger Value).
- Dependent On selection of a sensor to which the condition applies.

(68) RMS III WEB interface

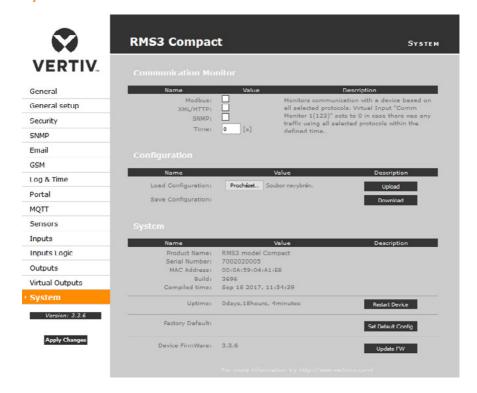
Virtual Outputs (VDO)

Virtual Outputs allow the use of outputs of other compatible devices (Box2Box). The communication uses the TCP protocol and updates take place every 60 seconds.



- ID unique ID of the output within the device [1151 .. 1158].
- Virtual Type enables the virtual output functions.
- Name name of the output, up to 12 chars (e.g. "top fan", "Door rack 4").
- Remote device address IP address of the remote side where the output is controlled.
- Port TCP port where the remote side listens.
- Remote port ID output ID at the remote side. Corresponds to the ID at the Outputs tab at the remote side.
- Username/Password if the remote side uses SW protection against unauthorized use, enter the Read & Write or the Read & Outputs password.

System



Communication Monitor

Monitors whether communication with RMS III over selected protocols takes place, and if it doesn't within the specified time, a virtual **Comm monitor** input is activated.

Configuration

- Upload uploads a XML file with the configuration from your PC.
- Download stores the setup.xml file with device configuration to your HDD.

System

- Uptime time of uninterrupted device operation (since last restart).
- Restart device restarts the device.
- Set Default Config restore factory-default settings.



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